

# FORMULÁRIO MÉTODOS NUMÉRICOS

**Método da secante:**

$$x_{m+1} = x_m - f(x_m) \frac{x_m - x_{m-1}}{f(x_m) - f(x_{m-1})}$$

$$e_{m+1} = -\frac{f''(\xi_m)}{2f'(\eta_m)} e_{m-1} e_m$$

$$\eta_m \in \text{int}(x_{m-1}, x_m) \quad \xi_m \in \text{int}(x_{m-1}, x_m, z)$$

**Método de Newton:**

$$x_{m+1} = x_m - \frac{f(x_m)}{f'(x_m)}$$

$$e_{m+1} = -\frac{f''(\xi_m)}{2f'(x_m)} e_m^2 \quad \xi_m \in \text{int}(z, x_m)$$

**Método do ponto fixo:**

$$x_{m+1} = g(x_m)$$

$$|e_{m+1}| \leq L |e_m|$$

$$|e_{m+1}| \leq \frac{L}{1-L} |x_{m+1} - x_m|$$

$$e_{m+1} = \frac{(-1)^{p-1} g^{(p)}(\xi_m)}{p!} e_m^p \quad \xi_m \in \text{int}(z, x_m)$$

$$g^{(r)}(z) = 0 \quad r = 0, \dots, p-1 \quad g^{(p)}(z) \neq 0$$

**Método de Doolittle:**

$$l_{ik} = (a_{ik} - \sum_{r=1}^{k-1} l_{ir} u_{rk}) / u_{kk}$$

$$u_{kj} = a_{kj} - \sum_{r=1}^{k-1} l_{kr} u_{rj}$$

**Método de Cholesky:**

$$l_{kk} = \sqrt{a_{kk} - \sum_{r=1}^{k-1} l_{kr}^2}$$

$$l_{ik} = (a_{ik} - \sum_{r=1}^{k-1} l_{ir} l_{kr}) / l_{kk}$$

**Método Eliminação Gauss**

$$m_{ik} = \frac{a_{ik}}{a_{kk}}, \quad E_i - m_{ik} E_k \longrightarrow E_i$$

**Método Householder:**

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha = -\operatorname{sgn}(a_{k+1,k}^{(k)}) \left( \sum_{j=k+1}^n (a_{jk}^{(k)})^2 \right)^{1/2} \\ r = \left( \frac{1}{2}\alpha^2 - \frac{1}{2}\alpha a_{k+1,k}^{(k)} \right)^{1/2}, \\ w_1^{(k)} = w_2^{(k)} = \dots = w_k^{(k)} = 0, \\ w_{k+1}^{(k)} = \frac{a_{k+1,k}^{(k)} - \alpha}{2r}, \\ w_j^{(k)} = \frac{a_{jk}^{(k)}}{2r}, \text{ para cada } j = k+2, k+3, \dots, n \\ P^{(k)} = I - 2\mathbf{w}^{(k)} \cdot (\mathbf{w}^{(k)})^t \\ A^{(k+1)} = P^{(k)} A^{(k)} P^{(k)} \end{array} \right.$$

**Métodos Iterativos Sist. Lineares**

$$\mathbf{M}\mathbf{x}^{(k+1)} = \mathbf{b} - \mathbf{N}\mathbf{x}^{(k)}$$

$$\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}^{(k+1)} = \mathbf{C}(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}^{(k)})$$

$$\mathbf{C} = -\mathbf{M}^{-1}\mathbf{N}$$

Método de Jacobi:  $C_J = -D^{-1}(L + U)$

$$x_i^{(k+1)} = \left( b_i - \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^n a_{ij} x_j^{(k)} \right) / a_{ii}$$

Método de Gauss-Seidel:  $C_{GS} = -(L+D)^{-1}U$

$$x_i^{(k+1)} = \left( b_i - \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} x_j^{(k+1)} - \sum_{j=i+1}^n a_{ij} x_j^{(k)} \right) / a_{ii}$$

$$\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}^{(k+1)}\| \leq \frac{\|C\|}{1 - \|C\|} \|\mathbf{x}^{(k+1)} - \mathbf{x}^{(k)}\|$$

$$\|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}^{(k+1)}\| \leq \|C\| \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}^{(k)}\|$$

**Métodos Iterativos para Sist. Não-Lineares**

Método de Newton:

$$\mathbf{x}^{(k+1)} = \mathbf{x}^{(k)} + \Delta \mathbf{x}^{(k)}, \quad \mathbf{J}(\mathbf{x}^{(k)}) \Delta \mathbf{x}^{(k)} = -\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}^{(k)})$$